

# OFFICIAL GAZETTE

## GOVERNMENT OF GOA

### GOVERNMENT OF GOA

#### Department of Labour

#### Notification

CLMWA-R/97/Part-File/7757

The following draft Notification which is proposed to be issued under sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (Central Act 11 of 1948), (hereinafter called the 'said Act') revising minimum rates of wages payable to various categories of employees employed in various trades mentioned in the said draft in the Schedule employment, namely "Employment in Agriculture", is hereby published as required by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of Section 5 of the said Act,

Notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Government after the expiry of a period of two months from the date of publication of this Notification in the Official Gazette. All persons likely to be affected thereby may forward their suggestions and objections, if any, to the Secretary, Labour, EDC House, Panaji-Goa, before the expiry of the said period of two months so that such suggestions and objections could be taken into account at the time of finalisation of the draft.

#### DRAFT NOTIFICATION

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 read with clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (Central Act 11 of 1948), the Government of Goa, hereby revises the minimum rates of wages payable to the various categories of employees employed in various trades mentioned in the Schedule employment, namely "Employment in Agriculture" in the State of Goa as specified in the Schedule below:-

#### SCHEDULE

Sr. No.	Class of work/category of employment.	All inclusive minimum rates of wages.
(1)	(2)	(3)
I.	<i>Farm Servants or Attached Workers:</i>	
(1)	Adult Farm Servant	Rs. 1820/- per month
(2)	Adult Cleaner/Sweeper	Rs. 1560/- per month

(1)	(2)	(3)
II.	<i>Agricultural Operation:</i>	
(3)	Ploughing	Rs. 67/- per day or Rs. 402/- per week Rs. 88/- per day with bullocks or Rs. 528/- per week
(4)	Threshing	Rs. 67/- per day or Rs. 462/- per week
(5)	Sowing	Rs. 66/- per day or Rs. 396/- per week
(6)	Winnowing	Rs. 67/- per day or Rs. 462/- per week
(7)	Transplanting	Rs. 66/- per day or Rs. 396/- per week
(8)	Harvesting	Rs. 66/- per day or Rs. 396/- per week
(9)	Uprooting	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
(10)	Irrigation	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
(11)	Weeding	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
(12)	Manuring	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
III.	<i>Allied Operation Skilled Labour:</i>	
(13)	Carpenter	Rs. 73/- per day or Rs. 438/- per week
(14)	Blacksmith	Rs. 75/- per day or Rs. 450/- per week
(15)	Cobler	Rs. 70/- per day or Rs. 420/- per week
IV.	<i>Unskilled Operation:</i>	
(16)	Mazdoor/Manai	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
V.	<i>Dairy Farming and Raising of Livestock</i>	
(17)	Shed Attendant	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
(18)	Milkman	Rs. 59/- per day or Rs. 354/- per week
(19)	Cleaner/ Sweeper/Mazdoor	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
(20)	Grazer/Livestock Attendant	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week

(1)	(2)	(3)
VI.	<i>Poultry and bee Farming</i>	
(21)	Attendant	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
VII.	<i>Horticulture:</i>	
(22)	Gardener	Rs. 59/- per day or Rs. 354/- per week
(23)	Horticulture Assistant	Rs. 61/- per day or Rs. 366/- per week
VIII.	<i>Forestry and Timbering Operations:</i>	
(24)	Tree Feller	Rs. 61/- per day or Rs. 366/- per week
(25)	Mazdoor	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
IX.	<i>General:</i>	
(26)	Digging	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
(27)	Stacking	Rs. 58/- per day or Rs. 348/- per week
(28)	Pump Operator	Rs. 59/- per day or Rs. 354/- per week
(29)	Coconut/Arecanut Placker	Rs. 80/- per day or Rs. 480/- per week

**Explanation:-**

(1) Where in any area in the Scheduled employment wages revised under the Notification are lower than the wages already prevailing or the employees are actually in receipt of higher wages than those specified above, they shall continue to get the benefit of such higher wages.

(2) The minimum rates of wages are applicable to employees engaged by the principal employer, contractor or sub-contractor.

(3) Both men and women workers shall be paid the same rates of wages revised for the same category and for equal work.

(4) In case of employees employed on piece-rate basis the minimum rates of wages payable shall be at the rate not less than the minimum rates revised under this Notification.

(5) The minimum rates of wages revised are all inclusive including for weekly day of rest.

(6) The existing practice of giving meals, foodgrains, etc. shall continue in addition to the payment of cash wages as specified in this Notification.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

R. S. Mardolker, Commissioner, Labour and Ex-Officio, Joint Secretary, (Labour).

Panaji, 10th March, 1998.

**Notification**

CL/MWA-R/97/7759

The following draft Notification which is proposed to be issued under sub-section (2) of section 5 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (Central Act 11 of 1948) (hereinafter called the 'said Act') revising the minimum rates of wages payable to the various categories of employees employed in various trades mentioned in the said draft in the Scheduled employment, namely "Employ-

ment in Cashew Factories and Establishments" is hereby published as required by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the said Act and Notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration by the Government after the expiry of a period of two months from the date of publication of this Notification in the Official Gazette. All persons likely to be affected thereby may forward their suggestions or objections if any, to the Secretary, Labour, EDC House, Panaji-Goa, before the expiry of the said period of two months so that such suggestions and objections could be taken into account at the time of finalisation of the draft.

**DRAFT NOTIFICATION**

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 3 read with clause (iii) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Minimum wages Act, 1948 (Central Act 11 of 1948), the Government of Goa hereby revises the minimum rates of wages payable to the various categories of employees employed in various trades in the Scheduled employment, namely 'Employment in Cashew Factories and Establishments' as shown in the Schedule below:

**SCHEDULE**

Sr. No.	Details of Categories	All inclusive minimum rates of wages
(1)	(2)	(3)
<b>1. Time Rate Basis</b>		
(1)	Grader or all other employees doing grading or similar work by whatever name called.	Rs. 49/- per day or Rs. 294/- per week or Rs. 1274/- per month.
(2)	Roaster	Rs. 51.50/- per day or
(3)	Packer	Rs. 309/- per week or
(4)	Soldere	Rs. 1339/- per month.
(5)	Dryer (Bhatiwala)	
(6)	Soaker	
(7)	Carpenter	
(8)	Stencillor	
(9)	Bag Carrier	
(10)	General Worker All other employees by whatever name called Doing the work analogous to the work done by the category of employees from Sr. Nos. (2) to (10)	
(11)	Supervisory (Grading)	Rs. 55.50/- per day or
(12)	Watchmen	Rs. 333/- per week or
(13)	Peon and All other employees by whatever name called doing the work analogous to the work done by the category of employees from Sr. Nos. (11) to (13) above.	Rs. 1443/- per month.
(14)	Clerk	with qualification
(15)	Typist	(Matriculate and above)
(16)	Cashier	Rs. 65.25/- per day or
(17)	Strookeeper Any other employee doing clerical or any other work analogous to the same done by the categories of employees from Nos. (14) to (17), above.	Rs. 391.50/- per week or Rs. 1696.50 per month. For (Non-Matriculates) Rs. 59.75/- per day or Rs. 358.50/- per week or Rs. 1547/- per month.

(1)	(2)	(3)
(18)	Driver or any other employee by whatever name called doing the work analogous to that of driver.	Rs. 62.50/- per day or Rs. 375/- per week or Rs. 1625/- per month.
II. Piece Rate Basis		
(19)	Shelling and Peeling	Rs. 4.40 per kg. with the work load of 12 kg. of unbroken kernels for 8 hours subject to 75 per cent of wages being paid as fall back wages.

**Explanation:-**

(1) Wherein any area or establishment in the scheduled employment, wages revised under this Notification are lower than the wages fixed/revised by the Central Government or by agreement or contract or contractor's regulations attached to the conditions of contract, the higher rate shall be payable as minimum wages under this Notification.

(2) The minimum rates of wages are applicable to employees engaged by the principal employer or contractor or sub-contractor, etc.

(3) The minimum rates of wages revised are all inclusive rates including the wages for the weekly day of rest.

(4) Both men and women workers shall be paid the same rates of wages revised for the same category and for equal work.

(5) Where part-time workers are employed they shall be paid pro-rata wages in accordance with the number of hours of work done.

(6) Where payment is made on piece-rate basis for any of the categories for which time-rate is fixed, the wages of the employees shall not be less than the minimum rates revised for a normal day of work.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

R. S. Mardolker, Commissioner, Labour and Ex-Officio Joint Secretary (Labour).

Panaji, 10th March, 1998.

**Department of Law and Judiciary**

Legal Affairs Division

**Notification**

10/5/96/LA-Vol

The Representation of the People (Amendment) Act, 1996 (Central Act 21 of 1996) which has been passed by Parliament and assented to by the President of India on 1st August, 1996 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II section I,

dated 1st August 1996 is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Joint Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 26th March, 1997.

**The Representation of the People (Amendment) Act, 1996**

AN

ACT

further to amend the Representation of the People Act, 1950 and the Representation of the People Act, 1951.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the forty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

**CHAPTER I****Preliminary**

1. *Short title and commencement.* — (1) This Act may be called the Representation of the People (Amendment) Act, 1996.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may by Notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

**CHAPTER II****Amendment of the Representation of the People Act, 1950**

2. *Amendment of section 32.* — In the Representation of the People Act, 1950, in section 32, in sub-section (1), for the words "with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees", the words "with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three months but which may extend to two years and with fine" shall be substituted.

**CHAPTER III****Amendment of the Representation of the People Act, 1951**

3. *Amendment of section 8.* — In the Representation of the People Act, 1951 (hereafter in this Chapter referred to as the 1951-Act), in section 8, in sub-section (1),—

(a) in clause (j), the word "or" shall be added at the end;

(b) after clause (j), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(k) section 2 (offence of insulting the Indian National Flag or the Constitution of India) or section 3 (offence of preventing singing of National Anthem) of the Prevention of Insults to National Honour Act, 1971;"

69 of 1971.

4. *Insertion of new section 20B.* — After section 20A of the 1951-Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

'20B. *Observers.* — (1) The Election Commission may nominate an Observer who shall be an officer of Government to watch

the conduct of election in a constituency or a group of constituencies and to perform such other functions as may be entrusted to him by the Election Commission.

(2) The Observer nominated under sub-section (1) shall have the power to direct the returning officer for the constituency or for any of the constituencies for which he has been nominated, to stop the counting of votes at any time before the declaration of the result or not to declare the result if in the opinion of the Observer booth capturing has taken place at a large number of polling stations or at places fixed for the poll or counting of votes or any ballot papers used at a polling station or at a place fixed for the poll are unlawfully taken out of the custody of the returning officer or are accidentally or intentionally destroyed or lost or are damaged or tampered with to such an extent that the result of the poll at that polling station or place cannot be ascertained.

(3) Where an Observer has directed the returning officer under this section to stop counting of votes or not to declare the result, the Observer shall forthwith report the matter to the Election Commission and thereupon the Election Commission shall, after taking all material circumstances into account, issue appropriate directions under section 58A or section 64A or section 66.

*Explanation.*— For the purposes of sub-section (2) and sub-section (3), "Observer" shall include a Regional Commissioner or any such officer of the Election Commission as has been assigned under this section the duty of watching the conduct of election or elections in a constituency or group of constituencies by the Commission.

5. *Amendment of section 30.* — In section 30 of the 1951-Act, in clause (d) for the words "twentieth day", the words "fourteenth day" shall be substituted.

6. *Amendment of section 33.* — In section 33 of the 1951-Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), for the provisos, the following provisos shall be substituted, namely:—

"Provided that a candidate not setup by a recognised political party, shall not be deemed to be duly nominated for election from a constituency unless the nomination paper is subscribed by ten proposers being electors of the constituency:

Provided further that no nomination paper shall be delivered to the returning officer on a day which is a public holiday:

Provided also that in the case of a local authorities' constituency, graduates' constituency or teachers' constituency, the reference to "an elector of the constituency as proposer" shall be construed as a reference to ten per cent. of the electors of the constituency or ten such electors, whichever is less, as proposers."

(b) after sub-section (6), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(7) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (6) or in any other provisions of this Act, a person shall not be nominated as a candidate for election.—

(a) in the case of a general election to the House of the People (whether or not held simultaneously from all Parliamentary constituencies), from more than two Parliamentary constituencies;

(b) in the case of a general election to the Legislative Assembly of a State (whether or not held simultaneously from all Assembly constituencies), from more than two assembly constituencies in that State;

(c) in the case of a biennial election to the Legislative Council of a State having such Council, from more than two Council constituencies in the State;

(d) in the case of a biennial election to the council of states for filling two or more seats allotted to a State, for filling more than two such seats;

(e) in the case of bye-elections to the House of the People from two or more Parliamentary constituencies which are held simultaneously, from more than two such Parliamentary constituencies;

(f) in the case of bye-elections to the Legislative Assembly of a State from two or more Assembly constituencies which are held simultaneously, from more than two such Assembly constituencies;

(g) in the case of bye-elections to the Council of States for filling two or more seats allotted to a State, which are held simultaneously, for filling more than two such seats;

(h) in the case of bye-elections to the Legislative council of a State having such Council from two or more Council constituencies which are held simultaneously, from more than two such council constituencies.

*Explanation.* — For the purposes of this sub-section, two or more bye-elections shall be deemed to be held simultaneously where the notification calling such bye-elections are issued by the Election commission under section 147, 149, 150 or, as the case may be, 151 on the same date."

7. *Amendment of section 34.* — In section 34 of the 1951-Act, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) A candidate shall not be deemed to be duly nominated for election from a constituency unless he deposits or causes to be deposited,—

(a) in the case of an election from a Parliamentary constituency, a sum of ten thousand rupees or where the candidate is a member of a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe, a sum of five thousand rupees, and

(b) in the case of an election from an Assembly or Council constituency, a sum of five thousand rupees or where the candidate is member of a Scheduled Caste or Scheduled Tribe, a sum of two thousand five hundred rupees:

Provided that where a candidate has been nominated by more than one nomination paper for election in the same constituency, not more than one deposit shall be required of him under this sub-section."

8. *Amendment of section 38.* — In section 38 of the 1951-Act, for sub-section (2), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) For the purpose of listing the names under sub-section (1), the candidates shall be classified as follows, namely:—

- (i) candidates of recognised political parties;
- (ii) candidates of registered political parties other than those mentioned in clause (i);
- (iii) other candidates.

(3) The categories mentioned in sub-section (2) shall be arranged in the order specified therein and the names of candidates in each category shall be arranged in alphabetical order and the addresses of the contesting candidates as given in the nomination papers together with such other particulars as may be prescribed.”

9. *Substitution of new section for section 52.*— For section 52 of the 1951-Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

‘52. *Death of a candidate of a recognised political party before poll.* — (1) If a candidate set up by a recognised political party,—

(a) dies at any time after 11.00 A. M. on the last date for making nominations and his nomination is found valid on scrutiny under section 36; or

(b) whose nomination has been found valid on scrutiny under section 36 and who has not withdrawn his candidature under section 37, dies,

and in either case, a report of his death is received at any time before the publication of the list of contesting candidates under section 38; or

(c) dies as a contesting candidate and a report of his death is received before the commencement of the poll,

the returning officer shall, upon being satisfied about the fact of the death of the candidate, by order, announce an adjournment of the poll to a date to be notified later and report the fact to the Election Commission and also to the appropriate authority:

Provided that no order for adjourning a poll should be made in a case referred to in clause (a) except after the scrutiny of all the nominations including the nomination of the deceased candidate.

(2) The Election Commission shall, on the receipt of a report from the returning officer under sub-section (1), call upon the recognised political party, whose candidate has died, to nominate another candidate for the said poll within seven days of issue of such notice to such recognised political party and the provisions of sections 30 to 37 shall, so far as may be, apply in relation to such nomination as they would apply to other nominations:

Provided that no person who has given a notice of withdrawal of his candidature under sub-section (1) of section 37 before the adjournment of the poll shall be ineligible for being nominated as a candidate for the election after such adjournment.

(3) Where a list of contesting candidates had been published under section 38 before the adjournment of the poll under sub-section (1), the returning officer shall again prepare and publish a fresh list of contesting candidates under that section so as to include the name of the candidate who has been nominated under sub-section (2).

*Explanation.*— For the purposes of this section, sections 33 and 38, “recognised political party” means a political party recognised by the Election Commission under the Election Symbols (Reservation and Allotment) Order, 1968.

10. *Substitution of new section for section 126.*— For section 126 of the 1951-Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

‘126. *Prohibition of public meetings during period of forty-eight hours ending with hour fixed for conclusion of poll.* —

(1) No person shall —

(a) convene, hold, attend, join or address any public meeting or procession in connection with an election; or

(b) display to the public any election matter by means of cinematograph, television or other similar apparatus; or

(c) propagate any election matter to the public by holding, or by arranging the holding of, any musical concert or any theatrical performance or any other entertainment or amusement with a view to attracting the members of the public thereto,

in any polling area during the period of forty-eight hours ending with the hour fixed for the conclusion of the poll for any election in that polling area.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years or with fine, or with both.

(3) In this section, the expression “election matter” means any matter intended or calculated to influence or affect the result of an election.

11. *Amendment of section 127.* — In section 127 of the 1951 of the 1951-Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), for the words “three months or with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees”, the words “six months or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees” shall be substituted;

(b) after sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(1A) An offence punishable under sub-section (1) shall be cognizable.”

12. *Substitution of new section for section 133.* — For section 133 of the 1951-Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

‘133. *Penalty for illegal hiring or procuring of conveyance at elections.* — If any person is guilty of any such corrupt practice as is specified in clause (5) of section 123 at or in connection

with an election, he shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months and with fine.”.

13. *Insertion of new section 134B.* — After section 134A of the 1951-Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

“134B. *Prohibition of going armed to or near a polling station* — (1) No person, other than the returning officer, the presiding officer, any police officer and any other person appointed to maintain peace and order at a polling station who is on duty at the polling station, shall, on a polling day, go armed with arms, as defined in the Arms Act, 1959, of any kind within the neighbourhood of a polling station.

(2) If any person contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1), he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years or with fine, or with both.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Arms Act, 1959, where a person is convicted of an offence under this section, the arms as defined in the said Act found in his possession shall be liable to confiscation and the licence granted in relation to such arms shall be deemed to have been revoked under section 17 of that Act.

(4) An offence punishable under sub-section (2) shall be cognizable.”.

14. *Amendment of section 135.* — In section 135 of the 1951-Act, in sub-section (1), for the word “fraudulently”, the word “unauthorisedly” shall be substituted.

15. *Amendment of section 135A.* — Section 135A of the 1951-Act shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) thereof and,—

(i) In sub-section (1) as so renumbered,—

(a) for the portion beginning with the words “shall not be less than six months” and ending with the words “extend to three years and with fine”, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“shall not be less than one year but which may extend to three years and with fine, and where such offence is committed by a person in the service of the Government, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to five years and with fine.”;

(b) In the Explanation,—

(A) for the words “this section”, occurring in the opening portion the words, figures and letters “this sub-section and section 20B” shall be substituted;

(B) in clause (b), for the words “prevent others from voting”, the words “prevent others from free exercise of their right to vote” shall be substituted;

(C) in clause (c), for the word “threatening”, the words “coercing or intimidating or threatening directly or indirectly,” shall be substituted;

(ii) after sub-section (1) as so renumbered and the Explanation thereto, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(2) An offence punishable under sub-section (1) shall be cognizable.”.

16. *Insertion of new sections 135B and 135C.* — After section 135A of the 1951-Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

“135B. *Grant of paid holiday to employees on the day of poll.* — (1) Every person employed in any business, trade, industrial undertaking or any other establishment and entitled to vote at an election to the House of the People or the Legislative Assembly of a State shall, on the day of poll, be granted a holiday.

(2) No deduction or abatement of the wages of any such person shall be made on account of a holiday having been granted in accordance with sub-section (1) and if such person is employed on the basis that he would not ordinarily receive wages for such a day, he shall nonetheless be paid for such day the wages he would have drawn had not a holiday been granted to him on that day.

(3) If an employer contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) of sub-section (2), then such employer shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

(4) This section shall not apply to any elector whose absence may cause danger or substantial loss in respect of the employment in which he is engaged.

135C. — *Liquor not to be sold, given or distributed on polling day.* — (1) No spirituous, fermented or intoxicating liquors or other substances of a like nature shall be sold, given or distributed at a hotel, eating house, tavern, shop or any other place, public or private, within a polling area during the period of forty-eight hours ending with the hour fixed for the conclusion of the poll for any election in that polling area.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1), shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to two thousand rupees, or with both.

(3) Where a person is convicted of an offence under this section, the spirituous, fermented or intoxicating liquors or other substances of a like nature found in his possession shall be liable to confiscation and the same shall be disposed of in such manner as may be prescribed.”.

17. *Insertion of new section 151A.* — After section 151 of the 1951-Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

“151A. *Time limit for filling vacancies referred to in sections 147, 149, 150 and 151.* — Notwithstanding anything contained in section 147, section 149, section 150 and section 151, a bye-election for filling any vacancy referred to in any of the said sections shall be held within a period of six months from the date of the occurrence of the vacancy:

Provided that nothing contained in this section shall apply if—

(a) the remainder of the term of a member in relation to a vacancy is less than one year; or

(b) the election Commission in consultation with the Central Government certifies that it is difficult to hold the bye-election with the said period.”.

**Notification**  
10-5-96/LA-Vol. II

The Appropriation Act, 1997 (Central Act 19 of 1997), which has been passed by Parliament and assented to by President of India on 25th March, 1997 and published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section I, dated 25th March, 1997, is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Joint Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 19th November, 1997.

**THE APPROPRIATION ACT, 1997**

**AN  
ACT**

*to provide for the authorisation of appropriation of moneys out of the Consolidated Fund of India to meet the amounts spent on certain services during the financial year ended on the 31st day of March, 1995, in excess of the amounts granted for those services and for that year.*

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Forty-eight Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. *Short title.* — This Act may be called the Appropriation Act, 1997.

2. *Issue of Rs. 88,99.73,934 out of the Consolidated Fund of India to meet certain excess expenditure for the year ended on the 31st March, 1995.* — From and out of the consolidated Fund of India, the sums specified in column 3 of the Schedule amounting in the aggregate to the sum of eighty-eight crores, ninety-nine lakhs, seventy-three thousand, nine hundred and thirty-four rupees shall be deemed to have been authorised to be paid and applied to meet the amount spent for defraying the charges in respect of the services specified in column 2 of the Schedule during the financial year ended on the 31st day of March, 1995, in excess of the amounts granted for those services and for that year.

3. *Appropriation.* — The sums deemed to have been authorised to be paid and applied from and out of the Consolidated Fund of India under this Act shall be deemed to have been appropriated for the services and purposes expressed in the Schedule in relation to the financial year ended on the 31st day of March, 1995.

**THE SCHEDULE**

(See sections 2 and 3)

No. of Vote	Service and purposes		Excess		
			Voted Portion	Charged Portion	Total
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	2		3		
14	Postal Services ...	Revenue	33,59,03,379	...	33,59,03,379
		Capital	2,07,82,817	..	2,07,82,817
17	Defence Pensions ...	Revenue	9,94,02,120	...	9,94,02,120
19	Defence Services — Navy ...	Revenue	6,30,17,484	...	6,30,17,484
24	Ministry of External Affairs ...	Revenue	35,50,79,760	..	35,50,79,760
64	Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas ...	Revenue	1,87,386	...	1,87,386
76	Roads ...	Capital	...	37,38,000	37,38,000
77	Ports, Lighthouses and Shipping ...	Revenue	1,13,87,819	...	1,13,87,819
90	Rajya Sabha ...	Revenue	1,25,759	...	1,25,759
98	Daman and Diu ...	Capital	3,49,410	...	3,49,410
Total			88,62,35,934	37,38,000	88,99,73,934

**Notification**

I/LS/4666/91

In exercise of the powers conferred by Articles 233 and 234 of the Constitution of India read with section 20 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Reorganisation Act, 1987 (Central Act 18 of 1987), and after consultation with the High Court at Bombay as required by Articles 233 and 234 of the Constitution of India, the Governor of Goa is pleased to make the following Rules, so as to amend the Goa Civil Services (Judicial Branch) Rules, 1992 as follows, namely:-

1. *Short title and commencement*,— (1) These rules may be called the Goa civil Service (Judicial Branch) (Amendment) Rules, 1998.

(2) They shall come into force at once.

2. *Insertion of new rule*, — In the Goa Civil Services (Judicial Branch) Rules, 1992, after rule 12, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“12A. *Retirement on superannuation*. — Every member of the judicial Service shall retire by superannuation on attaining the age of 60 years, subject to clearance by Special Review Committee constituted by the Chief Justice of the High Court for the purpose which Committee shall review the cases of all Judicial Officers by following the procedure prescribed for compulsory retirement under the service rules applicable to them, on their attaining the age of 58 years.”

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

N. B. Narvekar, Under Secretary (Law).

Panaji, 24th April, 1998.